RPC418Hu02 100µg Recombinant Catalase (CAT) Organism Species: Homo sapiens (Human) *Instruction manual* 

FOR IN VITRO USE AND RESEARCH USE ONLY NOT FOR USE IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES

10th Edition (Revised in Jan, 2014)

#### [PROPERTIES]

Residues: Asp10~Asn507 Tags: N-terminal His-Tag Accession: P04040 Host: *E. coli* Subcellular Location: Peroxisome. Purity: >95% Endotoxin Level: <1.0EU per 1µg (determined by the LAL method). Formulation: Supplied as Iyophilized form in PBS, pH7.4, containing 5% trehalose, 0.01% sarcosyl. Predicted isoelectric point: 7.0 Predicted Molecular Mass: 58.9kDa Applications: SDS-PAGE; WB; ELISA; IP.

(May be suitable for use in other assays to be determined by the end user.)

# [ <u>USAGE</u> ]

Reconstitute in sterile PBS, pH7.2-pH7.4.





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## [ STORAGE AND STABILITY ]

Storage: Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Store at 2-8°C for one month.

Aliquot and store at -80°C for 12 months.

**Stability Test:** The thermal stability is described by the loss rate of the target protein. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. (Referring from China Biological Products Standard, which was calculated by the Arrhenius equation.) The loss of this protein is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.

## [<u>SEQUENCES</u>]

The sequence of the target protein is listed below.

D QMQHWKEQRA AQKADVLTTG AGNPVGDKLN VITVGPRGPL LVQDVVFTDE MAHFDRERIP ERVVHAKGAG AFGYFEVTHD ITKYSKAKVF EHIGKKTPIA VRFSTVAGES GSADTVRDPR GFAVKFYTED GNWDLVGNNT PIFFIRDPIL FPSFIHSQKR NPQTHLKDPD MVWDFWSLRP ESLHQVSFLF SDRGIPDGHR HMNGYGSHTF KLVNANGEAV YCKFHYKTDQ GIKNLSVEDA ARLSQEDPDY GIRDLFNAIA TGKYPSWTFY IQVMTFNQAE TFPFNPFDLT KVWPHKDYPL IPVGKLVLNR NPVNYFAEVE QIAFDPSNMP PGIEASPDKM LQGRLFAYPD THRHRLGPNY LHIPVNCPYR ARVANYQRDG PMCMQDNQGG APNYYPNSFG APEQQPSALE HSIQYSGEVR RFNTANDDNV TQVRAFYVNV LNEEQRKRLC ENIAGHLKDA QIFIQKKAVK NFTEVHPDYG SHIQALLDKY NAEKPKN

### [REFERENCES]

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- 2. Bell G.I., et al. (1986) Nucleic Acids Res. 14:5561-5562.
- 3. Jin L.H., et al. (2001) Free Radic. Biol. Med. 31:1509-1519.
- 4. Ota T., et al. (2004) Nat. Genet. 36:40-45.