

**APA563Hu61 100µg**

**Active Interleukin 1 Beta (IL1b)**

**Organism Species: Homo sapiens (Human)**

***Instruction manual***

FOR IN VITRO USE AND RESEARCH USE ONLY

NOT FOR USE IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES

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1th Edition (Apr, 2016)

## **[ PROPERTIES ]**

**Source:** Eukaryotic expression.

**Host:** 293F cell

**Residues:** Ala117~Ser269

**Tags:** N-terminal His-tag

**Purity:** >95%

**Endotoxin Level:** <1.0EU per 1µg (determined by the LAL method).

**Buffer Formulation:** 20mM Tris, 150mM NaCl, pH8.0, containing 1mM EDTA, 1mM DTT, 0.01% sarcosyl, 5% trehalose, and Proclin300.

**Predicted isoelectric point:** 5.9

**Predicted Molecular Mass:** 19.0kDa

**Accurate Molecular Mass:** 22kDa as determined by SDS-PAGE reducing conditions.

**Applications:** Cell culture; Activity Assays; In vivo assays.

(May be suitable for use in other assays to be determined by the end user.)

## **[ USAGE ]**

Reconstitute in 20mM Tris, 150mM NaCl (pH8.0) to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. Do not vortex.

## **[ STORAGE AND STABILITY ]**

**Storage:** Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Store at 2-8°C for one month.

Aliquot and store at -80°C for 12 months.

**Stability Test:** The thermal stability is described by the loss rate. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.

## [ SEQUENCE ]

```

          APVR SLNCTLRDSQ QKSLVMSGPY ELKALHLQGG
DMEQQVVFSM SFVQGEESND KIPVALGLKE KNLYLSCVLK DDKPTLQLES
VDPKNYPKKK MEKRFVFNKI EINNKFES AQFPNWIYST SQAENMPVFL
GGTKGGQDIT DFTMQFVSS
    
```

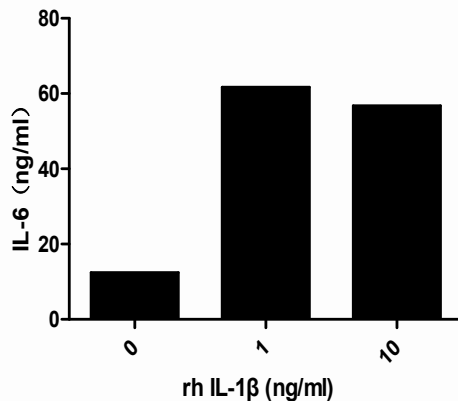
## [ ACTIVITY ]

Interleukin-1 beta belongs to the interleukin 1 cytokine family, which plays a critical role in inflammation, immunity, antiviral responses, and a variety of diseases. It has been reported that IL-1 $\beta$ -induced IL-6 production is mediated by both PI3K and IRAK4 in A549 cells. To test the bioactivity of IL-1 $\beta$ , A549 cells were seeded into 24-well plate at a density of  $1 \times 10^5$  cells/mL, and allowed to attach overnight before treated with or without certain concentrations (1ng/mL, 10ng/mL) of IL-1 $\beta$  for 4h and IL-6 levels in the cell supernatant were determined by ELISA.

IL-6 levels in the cell supernatant of A549 cells increased significantly after stimulated with IL-1 $\beta$ , the data was shown in Table 1 and Figure 1.

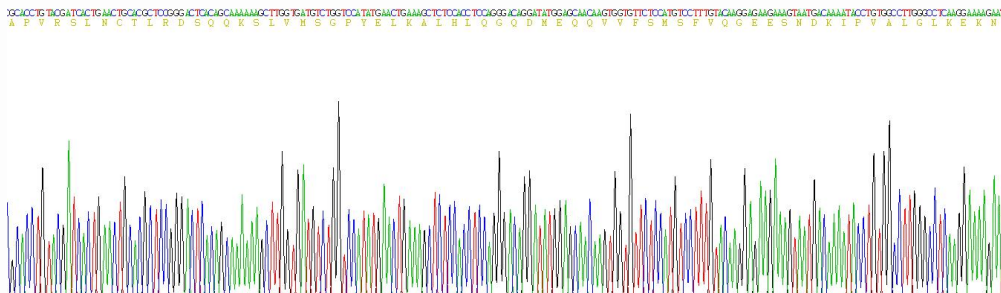
Sample (cell supernatant of A549 cells)	O.D. value	Corrected	Concentration of IL-6 (ng/mL)
stimulated with IL-1 $\beta$ (1ng/mL)	1.04	0.975	61.71
stimulated with IL-1 $\beta$ (10ng/mL)	0.966	0.901	56.77
unstimulated	0.309	0.244	12.44

**Table 1. IL-6 levels in the cell supernatant of A549 cells up-regulated by IL-1 $\beta$**

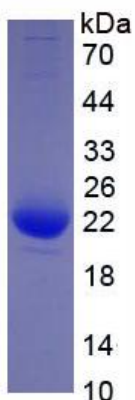


**Figure 1. IL-6 levels in the cell supernatant of A549 cells up-regulated by IL1- $\beta$ .**

**[ IDENTIFICATION ]**

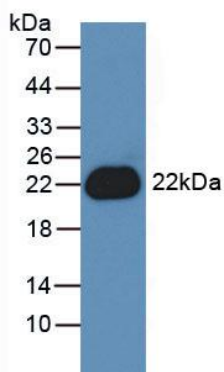


### Figure 2. Gene Sequencing (extract)



**Figure 3. SDS-PAGE**

**Sample: Active recombinant IL1b, Human**



**Figure 4. Western Blot**

**Sample:** Recombinant IL1b, Human;

**Antibody:** Rabbit Anti-Human IL1b Ab (PAA563Hu06)