

APB964Ra02 100µg
Active Calpain 1, Large Subunit (CAPN1)
Organism Species: Rattus norvegicus (Rat)
Instruction manual

FOR IN VITRO USE AND RESEARCH USE ONLY
NOT FOR USE IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES

1th Edition (Apr, 2016)

[PROPERTIES]

Source: Prokaryotic expression.

Host: *E. coli*

Residues: Tyr387~Asp694

Tags: N-terminal His-tag

Purity: >92%

Buffer Formulation: 20mM Tris, 150mM NaCl, pH8.0, containing 0.05% sarcosyl and 5% trehalose.

Applications: Cell culture; Activity Assays.

(May be suitable for use in other assays to be determined by the end user.)

Predicted isoelectric point: 5.9

Predicted Molecular Mass: 37.2kDa

Accurate Molecular Mass: 35kDa as determined by SDS-PAGE reducing conditions.

[USAGE]

Reconstitute in 20mM Tris, 150mM NaCl (pH8.0) to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. Do not vortex.

[STORAGE AND STABILITY]

Storage: Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Store at 2-8°C for one month.

Aliquot and store at -80°C for 12 months.

Stability Test: The thermal stability is described by the loss rate. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.

[SEQUENCE]

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YPAT FWVNPQFKIR
LEEVDDADDY DSRESGCSFL LALMQKHRRR ERRFGRDMET IGFVYQVPR
ELAGQPVHLK RDFFLANASR AQSEHFINLR EVSNRIRLPP GEYIVVPSTF
EPNKEGDFLL RFFSEKKAGT QELDDQIQAN LPDEKVLSEE EIDDNFKTLF
SKLAGDDMEI SVKELQITLN RIISKHKDLR TNGFSLESCR SMVNLMDRDG
NGKLGLVEFN ILWNRIRNYL TIFRKFDLKD SGMSAYEMR MAIEAAGFKL
NKKLHELIIT RYSEPD LAVD FDNFVCC LVR LETMFRFFKI LDTD
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[ACTIVITY]

Calpain 1, Large Subunit (CAPN1) is an intracellular protease that requires calcium for its catalytic activity. Calcium-regulated non-lysosomal thiol-protease which catalyze limited proteolysis of substrates involved in cytoskeletal remodeling and signal transduction. It has broad endopeptidase specificity. Besides, Signal Transducer And Activator Of Transcription 3 (STAT3) has been identified as an interactor of CAPN1, thus a binding ELISA assay was conducted to detect the interaction of recombinant rat CAPN1 and recombinant rat STAT3. Briefly, CAPN1 were diluted serially in PBS, with 0.01% BSA (pH 7.4). Duplicate samples of 100uL were then transferred to STAT3-coated microtiter wells and incubated for 2h at 37°C. Wells were washed with PBST and incubated for 1h with anti-CAPN1 pAb, then aspirated and washed 3 times. After incubation with HRP labelled secondary antibody, wells were aspirated and washed 3 times. With the addition of substrate solution, wells were incubated 15-25 minutes at 37°C. Finally, add 50µL stop solution to the wells and read at 450nm immediately. The binding activity of CAPN1 and STAT3 was shown in Figure 1, and this effect was in a dose dependent manner.

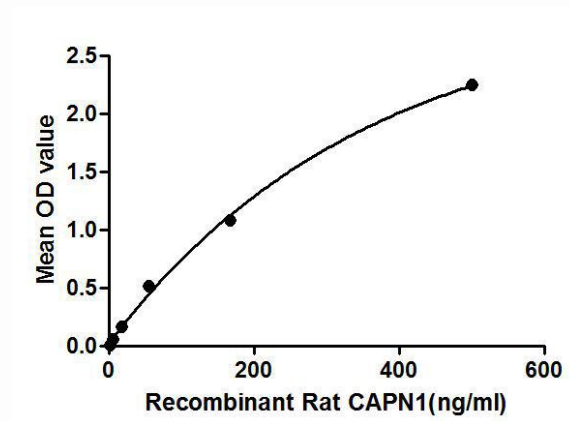


Figure 1. The binding activity of CAPN1 with STAT3.

[IDENTIFICATION]

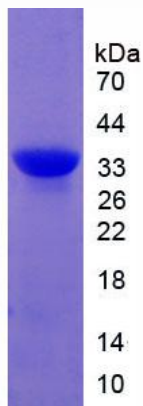


Figure 2. SDS-PAGE

Sample: Active recombinant CAPN1, Rat

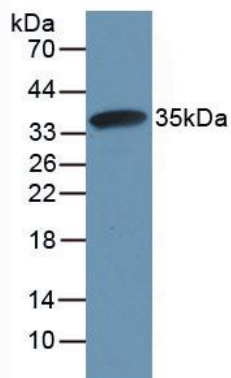


Figure 3. Western Blot

Sample: Recombinant CAPN1, Rat;

Antibody: Rabbit Anti-Rat CAPN1 Ab (PAB964Ra02)