

RPB171Hu01 10µg Recombinant Transferrin Receptor (TFR) Organism Species: Homo sapiens (Human) Instruction manual

FOR IN VITRO USE AND RESEARCH USE ONLY NOT FOR USE IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES

9th Edition (Revised in Jul, 2013)

[PROPERTIES]

Residues: Gly567~Gly744 (Accession # P02786),

with two N-terminal Tags, His-tag and S-tag.

Host: E. coli

Subcellular Location: Secreted, Cell membrane; Single-pass type II membrane protein. Melanosome.

Purity: >95%

Endotoxin Level: <1.0EU per 1µg (determined by the LAL method).

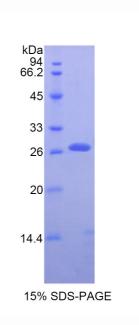
Formulation: Supplied as lyophilized form in PBS, pH7.4, containing 5% sucrose, 0.05% sarcosyl.

Predicted isoelectric point: 6.6

Predicted Molecular Mass: 26.4kDa

Applications: SDS-PAGE; WB; ELISA; IP.

(May be suitable for use in other assays to be determined by the end user.)



[<u>USAGE</u>]

Reconstitute in sterile PBS, pH7.2-pH7.4.



[STORAGE AND STABILITY]

Storage: Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Store at 2-8°C for one month.

Aliquot and store at -80°C for 12 months.

Stability Test: The thermal stability is described by the loss rate of the target protein. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. (Referring from China Biological Products Standard, which was calculated by the Arrhenius equation.) The loss of this protein is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.

[SEQUENCES]

The target protein is fused with two N-terminal Tags, His-tag and S-tag, its sequence is listed below.

MHHHHHHSSG LVPRGSGMKE TAAAKFERQH MDSPDLGTDD DDKAMADIGS EF- GTTM DTYKELIERI PELNKVARAA AEVAGQFVIK LTHDVELNLD YERYNSQLLS FVRDLNQYRA DIKEMGLSLQ WLYSARGDFF RATSRLTTDF GNAEKTDRFV MKKLNDRVMR VEYHFLSPYV SPKESPFRHV FWGSGSHTLP ALLENLKLRK QNNGAFNETL FRNQLALATW TIQG

[REFERENCES]

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- 2. Tong F., et al. (2012) J. Pediatr. Endocrinol. Metab. 25:249-253.
- 3. Lebreton C., et al. (2012) Gastroenterology 143:698-707.e1-4.
- 4. Al-Saqladi A.W., et al. (2012) Paediatr Int Child Health 32:27-34.