

APA079Mu61 100μg Active Interleukin 6 (IL6)

Organism Species: Mus musculus (Mouse)

Instruction manual

FOR IN VITRO USE AND RESEARCH USE ONLY
NOT FOR USE IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES

1th Edition (Apr. 2016)

[PROPERTIES]

Source: Eukaryotic expression.

Host: 293F cell

Residues: Phe25~Thr211
Tags: N-terminal His-tag

Purity: >95%

Endotoxin Level: <1.0EU per 1µg (determined by the LAL method).

Buffer Formulation: 20mM Tris, 150mM NaCl, pH8.0, containing 1mM EDTA,

1mM DTT, 0.01% sarcosyl, 5% trehalose, and Proclin300.

Predicted isoelectric point: 6.5

Predicted Molecular Mass: 23.3kDa

Accurate Molecular Mass: 26-33kDa as determined by SDS-PAGE reducing

conditions.

Applications: Cell culture; Activity Assays; In vivo assays.

(May be suitable for use in other assays to be determined by the end user.)

Phenomenon explanation:

The possible reasons that the actual band size differs from the predicted are as follows:

- 1. Splice variants: Alternative splicing may create different sized proteins from the same gene.
- 2. Relative charge: The composition of amino acids may affects the charge of the protein.
- 3. Post-translational modification: Phosphorylation, glycosylation, methylation etc.
- 4. Post-translation cleavage: Many proteins are synthesized as pro-proteins, and then cleaved to give the active form.
- 5. Polymerization of the target protein: Dimerization, multimerization etc.



[USAGE]

Reconstitute in 20mM Tris, 150mM NaCl (pH8.0) to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. Do not vortex.

[STORAGE AND STABILITY]

Storage: Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Store at 2-8°C for one month.

Aliquot and store at -80°C for 12 months.

Stability Test: The thermal stability is described by the loss rate. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.

[SEQUENCE]

VGGLITHVLW EIVEMRKELC NGNSDCMNND DALAENNLKL PEIQRNDGCY QTGYNQEICL LKISSGLLEY HSYLEYMKNN LKDNKKDKAR VLQRDTETLI HIFNQEVKDL HKIVLPTPIS NALLTDKLES QKEWLRTKTI QFILKSLEEF LKVTLRSTRO T

[ACTIVITY]

Interleukin-6 (IL-6), a pro-inflammatory cytokine and an anti-inflammatory myokine, plays important roles in the acute phase reaction, inflammation, hematopoiesis, bone metabolism, and cancer progression. It has been reported that IL6 induces C-reactive protein (CRP) expression through the STAT3 pathway in HepG2 cells. To test this effect, HepG2 cells were seeded overnight at a density of 1x10⁵ cells/mL, and treated with or without various concentrations of IL6 for 24h and CRP levels in the cell supernatant were determined by ELISA.

CRP levels in the cell supernatant of HepG2 cells increased significantly after stimulated with IL6, the data was shown in Table 1 and Figure 1.

Sample	O.D. value	Corrected	Concentration of CRP
(cell supernatant of HepG2 cells)			(ng/mL)
stimulated with IL6 (10ng/mL)	0.514	0.453	1.61
stimulated with IL6 (30ng/mL)	0.396	0.335	1.13
unstimulated	0.128	0.067	0.03

Table 1. CRP levels in the cell supernatant of HepG2 cells regulated by IL6.

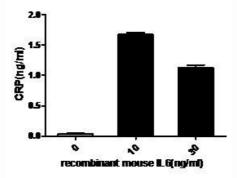


Figure 1. CRP levels in the cell supernatant of HepG2 cells regulated by IL6.

[IDENTIFICATION]

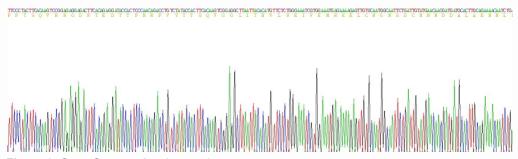


Figure 2. Gene Sequencing (extract)

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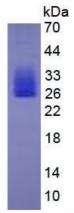


Figure 3. SDS-PAGE

Sample: Active recombinant IL6, Mouse

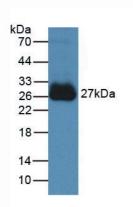


Figure 4. Western Blot

Sample: Recombinant IL6, Mouse;

Antibody: Rabbit Anti-Mouse IL6 Ab (PAA079Mu06)