

PAA071Po01

Polyclonal Antibody to Interleukin 1 Alpha (IL1a)

Organism Species: Sus scrofa; Porcine (Pig)

kDa 75

50

Instruction manual

9th Edition (Revised in Jul, 2013) Western Blot

FOR IN VITRO USE AND RESEARCH USE ONLY NOT FOR USE IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES

[PRODUCT INFORMATION]

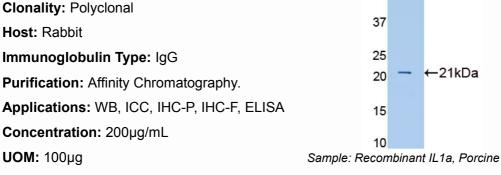
Immunogen: IL1a, Porcine

Clonality: Polyclonal

Host: Rabbit

Immunoglobulin Type: IgG

UOM: 100µg



[IMMUNOGEN INFORMATION]

Immunogen: Recombinant IL1a (Glu98~Leu266) expressed in *E.coli*.

Accession No.: RPA071Po01

Sequence: The target protein is fused with N-terminal His-Tag and its sequence

is listed below.

MGHHHHHHSGSEF- EAI ANDTEEEIIK PRSATYSFQS NMKYNFMRVI NHQCILNDAR NQSIIRDPSG QYLMAAVLNN LDEAVKFDMA AYTSNDDSQL PVTLRISETR LFVSAQNEDE PVLLKELPET PKTIKDETSL LFFWEKHGNM DYFKSAAHPK LFIATROEKL VHMAPGLPSV **TDFQIL**



[ANTIBODY SPECIFITY]

The antibody is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against IL1a. It has been selected for its ability to recognize IL1a in immunohistochemical staining and western blotting.

[APPLICATIONS]

Western blotting: 1:100-400

Immunocytochemistry in formalin fixed cells: 1:100-500

Immunohistochemistry in formalin fixed frozen section: 1:100-500

Immunohistochemistry in paraffin section: 1:50-200 Enzyme-linked Immunosorbent Assay: 1:100-200

Optimal working dilutions must be determined by end user.

[CONTENTS]

Form & Buffer: Supplied as solution form in PBS, pH7.4, containing 0.02% NaN₃, 50% glycerol.

[QUALITY CONTROL]

Content: The quality control contains recombinant IL1a (Glu98~Leu266) disposed in loading buffer.

Usage: 10uL per well when 3,3'-Diaminobenzidine(DAB) as the substrate.

5uL per well when used in enhanced chemilumescent (ECL).

Note: The quality control is specifically manufactured as the positive control. Not used for other purposes.

Loading Buffer: 100mM Tris(pH8.8), 2% SDS, 200mM NaCl, 50% glycerol, BPB 0.01%, NaN₃ 0.02%.

[STORAGE]

Store at 4°C for frequent use. Stored at -20°C to -80°C in a manual defrost freezer for one year without detectable loss of activity. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.